

Plus·X User Manual



Revision History

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
General Description of the Instrument	2
Where Do I Start?	3
Shipping & Receiving	4
Receiving an Instrument	4
Returning an Instrument to the Factory	
Using the Instrument	5
Pressure Ratings	5
Pre-Deployment Procedures	
Supported Sensor Configurations	7
LED Indicator	
Configuring Sampling Parameters Using SeaCast	9
Configuring Sampling Parameters through the Terminal	
Accounting for Atmospheric Pressure Variations at the Surface	
Logging a Profile	
Monitoring Real Time Data	
Post-Deployment Procedures	
Viewing your Data	11
Configuring the Instrument for Data on Power Up	
Disabling Data on Power Up	
Maintaining the Instrument	
Periodic Maintenance	
Battery Care	
Replacing Alkaline Batteries:	
Charging Ni-Cad Batteries:	
Communications	
PC Settings	
Output Formats	
Default Output Format	
Default Example Outputs	
Support	
Troubleshooting	
Contact AML Oceanographic	
Appendices	
Commands	
Communications Commands	26
Sampling Rate Commands	
Output Format Commands	
Logging Commands	
General Commands	
Technical Specifications	
Ordering Codes	
Regulatory Information	
Warranty	
Technical Overview Drawings	ახ

General Description of the Instrument

The AML Oceanographic X•Series instruments and Xchange™ sensors are a major advancement in ocean instrumentation. Swappable and interchangeable sensors dramatically improve the capabilities of ocean instrumentation in the following ways:

- Change the instrument sensor types while at sea within seconds, and without tools. A CTD
 can be changed to a sound speed profiler by exchanging sensor heads.
- To optimize the resolution and accuracy of sensor data, sensors can be swapped to change the measurement range. For example, a 6000 dBar P•Xchange pressure sensor can be swapped with a 500 dBar P•Xchange sensor; the salt water C•Xchange conductivity sensor can be swapped for a fresh water C•Xchange conductivity sensor.
- Sensors from one instrument can be swapped to another instrument to maintain missioncritical capabilities.
- Calibrated sensors can be sent from the factory to the instrument. The instrument is not pulled from active duty for calibration.
- Spare sensors ensure that an instrument can be immediately returned to active duty after sustaining damage.
- All calibration and traceability data resides within each Xchange[™] sensor. Calibration data
 for all sensors is available from the instrument, and calibration certificates can be printed
 from AML Oceanographic SeaCast software when the instrument is connected.
- Logged data is stamped with sensor traceability and instrument configuration data.
- Only Xchange™ sensors are sent for calibration, leaving the instrument working in the field.

Plus•X is the largest multi-sensor data logging instrument of the X•Series family. It is designed primarily for deep, winch-deployed profiling operations. Plus•X is available in two configurations:

P1S3: Equipped with one primary Xchange™ sensor port (C•Xchange, CT•Xchange or SV•Xchange) and three secondary Xchange™ sensor ports (T•Xchange, P•Xchange, Tu•Xchange). Up to four additional analog ports can be added by the factory, if required.

P2S2: Equipped with two primary Xchange™ sensor ports (C•Xchange, CT•Xchange or SV•Xchange) and two secondary Xchange™ sensor ports (T•Xchange, P•Xchange, Tu•Xchange). Up to four additional analog ports can be added by the factory, if required.

Plus•X is capable of logging continuously for 49 hours with fresh alkaline batteries. The actual life varies somewhat depending on the sensors installed. Sampling rates are programmable by time (25 Hz to every 24 hours), by pressure (0.1 dbar or greater increments), or by sound speed (0.1 m/s or greater increments). When logging at time intervals of 25 seconds or more, Plus•X powers down between samples to conserve the batteries.

Supported communication protocols for Plus•X are RS-232 or RS-485. The instrument can be powered both internally and externally.

Like all AML logging instruments, Plus•X can be equipped with a Data•Xchange to add wireless capabilities and enhance data transfer rates.

Where Do I Start?

AML Oceanographic X•Series instruments ship with several manuals on the USB stick:

- An instrument manual (this Plus•X manual) providing an overview on how to use and maintain the instrument;
- A SeaCast manual providing instructions on how to use the software to configure the instrument and review instrument data;
- Xchange[™] sensor manuals (C•Xchange[™], CT•Xchange[™], SV•Xchange[™], P•Xchange[™], T•Xchange[™], and Turbidity•Xchange[™]) providing overviews on how to install and maintain each of the Xchange[™] sensors;

If you are configuring an instrument for field use or lab testing, begin with the SeaCast manual.

If you are performing instrument maintenance, begin with the instrument manual.

If you are planning to swap an Xchange™ sensor, read the Xchange™ manual corresponding to your sensors.

If you will be using Data•Xchange with your instrument, refer to its manual beforehand.

Shipping & Receiving

Receiving an Instrument

When receiving an instrument, perform the following steps to ensure the instrument will be ready for deployment when required:

- Inspect the shipping container, looking for signs of damage. Damage to the shipping container could indicate damage to the instrument inside.
- The shipping package should include all of the following items
 - Plus•X instrument
 - Data•Xchange (if purchased)
 - Data/Power cable
 - Red shorting plug
 - Black dummy plug
 - One primary sensor blanking plug
 - Two secondary sensor blanking plugs
 - USB stick with manuals and documentation
- Inspect for damage
 - Check the cable for slices or gouges
 - Check the connector sockets for corrosion, dirt, and salt deposits
 - Check the pressure case for dents and scrapes
 - Check the sensors for cracks or bends
- Ensure all the Xchange™ sensors are installed tightly. The blue locking sleeve should be tight, and sitting less than 1 mm from the instrument end cap.
- Connect the instrument to a computer with the data cable and perform a scan or monitor if
 using SeaCast. Check the battery voltage on the output (normally the last column of data,
 unless calculated parameters have been enabled). It should be between 9.9 and 14 volts.

Returning an Instrument to the Factory

- If shipping for repair or recalibration, obtain an RMA number from the service centre.
- Pack the instrument in its original shipping box to prevent damage during shipping.

An RMA number can be requested using the contact options given in the Support section of this manual.

Using the Instrument

Pressure Ratings

Pressure ratings are given for Xchange[™] sensors and the entire instrument. **Deployments should never exceed the lower of these two pressure ratings.** For example, a 500m instrument equipped with a 6000 dBar (0-6000m) P•Xchange[™] sensor is limited to deployments of 500m depth or less. Similarly, a 6000m instrument equipped with a 500 dBar (0-500m) P•Xchange[™] sensor is also limited to deployments of 500m depth or less.

It is desirable to optimize the accuracy of pressure measurements by using a P•Xchange™ sensor with a pressure range that closely matches the depth of the deployment.

Caution: Do not exceed the specified pressure ratings of the P•Xchange™ sensor, Turbidity•Xchange™ sensor, or the instrument housing. Overpressure can result in damage to the sensors and the instrument.

Pre-Deployment Procedures

- Upon Receipt
 - Use the Shipping and Receiving instructions to verify the condition of the instrument.
 - Verify that all sensor calibrations are valid for the duration of the deployment. If not, swap the Xchange™ sensors for sensors with valid calibrations or send the Xchange™ sensors to a service centre for recalibration.
 - Lightly lubricate the underwater connectors with 3M silicone spray or equivalent.
- Before leaving the jetty
 - o If applicable, verify the P•Xchange™ pressure range is correct for the deployment.
 - Connect the instrument to a computer using the data cable.
 - Check the instrument memory
 - Save any unsaved memory files.
 - Initialize the memory (Note: This deletes ALL files stored in the instrument memory. Be sure to have a copy of all important logged data before performing this step.).
 - If using SeaCast, click the Clear Memory box.
 - If using a Terminal Emulator, send instrument an INIT command.

Caution: Install blanking plugs in all unused sensor ports prior to deployment. Failure to install blanking plugs will result in damage to the connectors.



Primary Xchange™ mount blanking plug

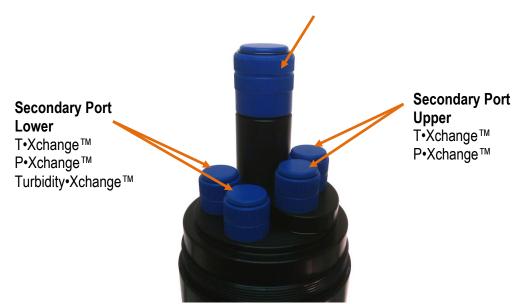


Secondary Xchange™ mount blanking plug

— Primary Port Elevated

> C•Xchange™ CT•Xchange™

> SV•Xchange™



Plus•X endcap with one primary and four secondary ports (abbreviated as P1S4). Blanking plugs shown installed. Plus•X endcaps are available with different combinations of ports to allow for a wide variety of sensor combinations.

Swappable sensors allow you to configure your instrument in a number of different ways. See the tables below for two endcap styles and popular sensor combinations. Note that not all supported sensor combinations are shown. It is possible, for example, to install two T•Xchange™ sensors, or two P•Xchange™ sensors simultaneously for cross verification, or in the case of Turbidity•Xchange™, using two different ranges to capture both high and low events accurately.

Supported Sensor Configurations

P2S2 Endcap							
Port Type	Primai	ry (P2)	Secondary (S2)				
Port Level	Elevated ↑↑ Upper ↑		Upper ↑	Lower ↓			
1	С	SV	T	Р			
2	С	SV	Р	T			
3	С	SV	T	Turbidity			
4	С	SV	Р	Turbidity			
5	CT	SV	Т	Р			

P1S4 Endcap								
Port Type	Primary (P1)		Second	ary (S4)				
Port Level	Elevated ↑↑	Upper ↑	Upper ↑	Lower ↓	Lower ↓			
1	С	T	Р	Turbidity	Turbidity			
2	С	Р	Т	Turbidity	Turbidity			
3	SV	T	Р	Turbidity	Turbidity			
4	SV	Р	Т	Turbidity	Turbidity			
5	CT	Р	T	Turbidity	Turbidity			

LED Indicator

The LED indicator is located next to the data/power connector on the instrument's top endcap.

- The LED indicator will be on whenever the data/power cable is plugged into the instrument.
- The LED indicator will turn on when the red shorting plug is inserted into the instrument. It will turn off after 5 minutes to conserve power.
- When the instrument is logging and is brought back to the surface, the LED indicator will resume for 5 minutes so that the operator can see that the instrument is still functioning after the cast.



The LED indicator displays are as follows:

- **LED is a constant green**: This indicates the instrument is on and the batteries have more than 20% capacity remaining for alkaline batteries, 5% for NiCad batteries.
- LED is flashing green: The instrument is logging data and the batteries have more than 20% capacity remaining for alkaline batteries, 5% for NiCad batteries.
 Note:
 - The flashing green LED will turn off after 5 minutes to conserve power.
 - The instrument will not start logging until it is immersed in water and it takes its first sample at the programmed sampling rate.
- **LED is a constant red**: This indicates the instrument is on and the batteries have less than 20% capacity remaining for alkaline batteries, 5% for NiCad batteries.
- LED is flashing red: The instrument is logging data and the batteries have less than 20% capacity remaining for alkaline batteries, 5% for NiCad batteries.
 Note:
 - The flashing red LED will turn off after 5 minutes to conserve power.
 - The instrument will not start logging until it is immersed in water and it takes its first sample at the programmed sampling rate.
- **LED off with data/power cable attached**: The instrument is not working properly. Consult the Troubleshooting section or call the service department.
- **LED off with the red shorting plug inserted**: If the shorting plug was inserted less than 5 minutes ago, the instrument is not working properly. Consult the Troubleshooting section or call the service department. If the LED was on for the first 5 minutes after inserting the shorting plug the instrument is functioning correctly and the LED has turned off to conserve power.

Configuring Sampling Parameters Using SeaCast

SeaCast is free software provided for use with AML Oceanographic instruments. It can be used to set up an instrument for profiling or monitoring data, as well as downloading, graphing, and exporting the collected data.

Full details on the instrument configuration process and the software's capabilities can be found in the SeaCast manual.

Configuring Sampling Parameters through the Terminal

Instruments can also be configured for deployment using a terminal emulation program like *HyperTerminal*, *RealTerm*, or *Tera Term*. Communications with the instrument must be established using the correct communications port and settings. The communications settings are 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, no flow control, and the desired baud rate.

The following steps must be completed by issuing text commands:

Step	Possible Commands
Initialize Memory (erases instrument memory)	INIT
Set Log File Name	SET LOG filename.txt
Set Instrument Time & Date	SET TIME hh:mm:ss
	SET DATE mm/dd/yy
Set Sampling Parameters	SET SAMPLE RATE CONTINUOUS
	SET SAMPLE RATE 5/s
	SET P INC 1
	SET SOUND INC 2

The above table provides example commands only; many additional sampling regimes can be established using available commands. Please consult the Commands section of the Appendix for full syntax details on the commands you wish to use.

Accounting for Atmospheric Pressure Variations at the Surface

Climate and altitude changes can create fluctuations in atmospheric (barometric) pressure. AML's pressure sensors are sensitive enough to detect these variations. When this happens, the instrument's pressure channel may not read exactly zero when data is taken prior to submersion in the water. Nearly all absolute pressure sensors experience atmospheric pressure offsets if they are sufficiently sensitive.

To compensate for this atmospheric pressure offset, AML instruments have the ability to reset the pressure sensor's zero point. This can be initiated using AML Oceanographic SeaCast software or a Terminal emulator command. The compensation does not affect the calibration of the pressure sensor, and can be turned off or recalculated at any time. The compensation factor is applied through the entire calibrated pressure range. Note that this compensation cannot be applied to a built-in Paroscientific Digiquartz sensor, as found in bathyMetrec•X.

Once the atmospheric pressure compensation is applied, it will be applied to all pressure sensor data until it is turned off or recalculated. The setting is written to memory, so it remains set when the instrument is powered down.

Using SeaCast

Refer to the SeaCast User Manual for instructions on enabling "Zero Depth."

Using a Terminal Emulator

- Establish serial communications with the instrument on your computer. Refer to the Communications section of this manual for more information.
- Once a connection is established, ensure the instrument is stationary, and is not submerged in water.
- To turn ON Atmospheric pressure compensation, issue the ZERO ON command. This will
 calculate and apply the offset required to compensate for current atmospheric pressure
 conditions.
- To turn OFF Atmospheric pressure compensation, issue the ZERO OFF command. This will disable the offset.
- Issuing the ZERO command again will calculate a new offset based on current conditions.

Logging a Profile

- Ensure the pre-deployment procedures have been completed (see page 6).
- Plug the data/power cable into the instrument.
- Ensure that the desired sampling settings have been selected and applied.
- With the instrument in air (NOT submerged), use the ZERO command to zero the barometric pressure offset (P•Xchange™ only).
- Insert the red shorting plug to power the instrument. Insertion of the shorting plug tells the
 instrument to begin logging data once it is submerged. The instrument determines whether
 or not it is submerged by looking for valid conductivity or sound speed readings.
 - The green LED light should illuminate on the top of the instrument indicating the battery has more than 20% capacity remaining with alkaline batteries, 5% remaining with Ni-Cad batteries, and the instrument is ready to start logging.
 - If the LED light is red, the battery charge is less than 20% with alkaline batteries,
 5% with Ni-Cad batteries, but the instrument is still ready to log.
 - If the LED light fails to illuminate, the instrument will not log. Refer to the Troubleshooting section of this manual if this occurs.
- Securely attach the lowering cable to the instrument shackle bar.
- Lower the instrument until it is just submerged. Keep the instrument at this depth for 2
 minutes prior to beginning the cast. This allows the sensors time to wet and the pressure
 case to shed heat.
- Send the instrument down to the desired depth and return it to the surface.
- Note that with Plus•X in the typical, vertical orientation, the downcast data is usually more
 accurate than the upcast data since the downcast measurements are not contaminated by
 the thermal shedding from the pressure case.

Monitoring Real Time Data

- Ensure the pre-deployment procedures have been completed (see page 6).
- Ensure that the desired sampling settings have been selected and applied.
- Plug the data/power cable into the instrument. If you power the instrument externally over a long cable, please note the following:
 - Voltage drop due to cable resistance increases with cable length. The voltage drop on a standard AML cable, with a standard Plus•X, is about 2 volts per 100m of cable while sampling and 0 volts per 100m when in low power mode.
 - The instrument's low voltage warning has a default level of 9.9 volts.
 - The instrument's auto shutdown triggers when supplied with 8.0 volts or less.
 - The instrument's maximum voltage is 26 volts.
 - The voltage at the instrument, while sampling, must be above the shutdown level for the instrument to operate.
- With the instrument in air, use the ZERO command to zero the barometric pressure offset (P•Xchange™ only).
- Securely attach the lowering cable to the instrument shackle bar.
- Lower the instrument until the sensors are fully submerged; the LED should start to flash green. Keep the instrument at this depth for 2 minutes prior to beginning the cast. This allows the sensors time to wet, and the pressure case to shed heat.
- Begin monitoring data using SeaCast or HyperTerminal.
- Send the instrument down to the desired depth and return it to the surface.
- Note that with Plus•X in the typical vertical orientation, the downcast is usually more accurate
 than the upcast data since the downcast measurements are not contaminated by the thermal
 shedding from the pressure case.

Post-Deployment Procedures

- When the instrument is pulled from the water it should be rinsed with fresh water.
- Dry the area around the connectors with a clean cloth or compressed air prior to disconnecting the plugs or cables. Do not blow compressed air into the Pressure•Xchange[™] sensor. Doing so may damage the sensitive pressure transducer diaphragm.
- Remove the shorting plug or cable. Place the dummy plug in the connector to protect it.
- Dry the instrument and stow it securely.

Viewing your Data

You may download and view data directly through the terminal, or automatically using SeaCast. The SeaCast manual has more information. Alternately, use the following instructions to access the data manually.

- Connect the instrument to the computer using the data/power cable.
- With the terminal, use the *DIR* command to list all the files on memory, then the *DUMP* command to retrieve the file of interest. For example:

Plus.X Version 4.09 SN:8221 AML Oceanographic Ltd. 968.5 MBytes installed

>dir

5598 02/24/10 14:41:55.00

test .raw

```
data .txt
            3987 02/24/10 14:45:08.00
960 MBytes free
 7 MBytes Used
 2 File(s) listed
>dump data.txt
[cast header]
InstrumentSN=08221
Date=02/24/10
Time=14:45:10.55
PressureOffset=0.09
UsePressureOffset=ves
Slot1Sensor1=SV-C.Xchange SV.X SN 131197 01/22/10
Slot2Sensor1=P-T.Xchange P.X SN 145721 08/21/09 T.X SN 400048 11/17/09
[Data]
02/24/10 14:45:10.66 1474.313 0000.015 17.447 008.18 00.034 0998.724
02/24/10 14:45:10.69 1474.334 0000.015 17.449 008.20 00.046 0998.733
02/24/10 14:45:11.19 1474.332 0000.027 17.451 008.20 00.037 0998.726
02/24/10 14:45:11.69 1474.326 0000.027 17.451 008.20 00.032 0998.722
02/24/10 14:45:12.19 1474.319 0000.027 17.457 008.20 00.011 0998.705
02/24/10 14:45:12.69 1474.321 0000.034 17.459 008.20 00.005 0998.700
02/24/10 14:45:13.19 1474.318 0000.023 17.457 008.20 00.008 0998.702
02/24/10 14:45:13.69 1474.321 0000.019 17.458 008.20 00.010 0998.704
02/24/10 14:45:14.19 1474.427 0000.019 17.459 008.20 00.100 0998.773
02/24/10 14:45:14.69 0000.000 -0000.015 17.601 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:15.19 0000.000 -0000.030 17.655 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:15.69 0000.000 -0000.011 17.651 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:16.19 0000.000 -0000.015 17.632 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:16.69 0000.000 -0000.015 17.624 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:17.19 0000.000 -0000.015 17.622 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:17.69 0000.000 -0000.015 17.618 008.20 00.000 0000.000
[cast header]
InstrumentSN=08221
Date=02/24/10
Time=14:45:21.85
PressureOffset=0.09
UsePressureOffset=ves
Slot1Sensor1=SV-C.Xchange SV.X SN 131197 01/22/10
Slot2Sensor1=P-T.Xchange P.X SN 145721 08/21/09 T.X SN 400048 11/17/09
02/24/10 14:45:21.92 1474.309 -0000.019 17.598 008.20 00.000 0998.671
02/24/10 14:45:21.95 1474.308 0000.019 17.451 008.20 00.017 0998.711
02/24/10 14:45:22.44 1474.301 0000.023 17.453 008.20 00.005 0998.701
02/24/10 14:45:22.94 1474.297 0000.011 17.453 008.20 00.003 0998.699
02/24/10 14:45:23.44 1474.294 0000.019 17.451 008.20 00.005 0998.702
02/24/10 14:45:23.94 1474.314 0000.019 17.453 008.20 00.019 0998.711
02/24/10 14:45:24.44 1474.310 0000.027 17.453 008.20 00.015 0998.709
02/24/10 14:45:24.94 1474.307 0000.015 17.451 008.20 00.016 0998.709
02/24/10 14:45:25.44 1474.307 0000.027 17.453 008.20 00.009 0998.704
02/24/10 14:45:25.94 1474.308 0000.023 17.454 008.20 00.008 0998.703
02/24/10 14:45:26.44 1474.313 0000.023 17.451 008.20 00.021 0998.714
02/24/10 14:45:26.94 1474.294 0000.023 17.452 008.20 00.002 0998.699
02/24/10 14:45:27.44 1474.313 0000.023 17.453 008.20 00.015 0998.709
02/24/10 14:45:27.94 1474.303 0000.023 17.454 008.20 00.004 0998.700
02/24/10 14:45:28.44 1474.312 0000.023 17.453 008.20 00.015 0998.708
02/24/10 14:45:28.94 1474.319 0000.030 17.453 008.20 00.019 0998.712
```

02/24/10 14:45:29.44 1474.336 0000.027 17.450 008.20 00.045 0998.732 02/24/10 14:45:29.94 1474.314 0000.027 17.450 008.20 00.023 0998.715

User Manual for AML Oceanographic's Plus·X

Configuring the Instrument for Data on Power Up

Perform the following steps:

- Open a terminal emulation program such as HyperTerminal. Ensure the serial port has been selected in the program. If the instrument has been set to a specific baud rate with the SET DETECT command, the terminal emulation program must be configured for that baud rate.
- Connect the instrument to the computer using the data/power cable.
- Using the terminal emulation program, issue the following commands to the instrument:
 - SET STARTUP NOHEADER (disables the power up header information)
 - SET STARTUP MONITOR
 SET SAMPLE RATE 2/S
 (enables data output on power up)
 (sets the desired sampling rate)
 - o SET DETECT 07 (sets fixed 38400 baud rate)

Note: Details on the SET DETECT command can be found in the Appendix.

- Unplug the data/power cable from the instrument to turn the instrument off.
- Plug the data/power cable into the instrument to turn the instrument on.

Disabling Data on Power Up

Perform the following steps:

- Open a terminal emulation program such as HyperTerminal. Ensure the serial port has been selected in the program. If the instrument has been set to a specific baud rate with the SET DETECT command, the terminal emulation program must be configured for that baud rate.
- Connect the instrument to the computer using the data/power cable.
- Unplug the data/power cable from the instrument to turn the instrument off.
- Hold down the <ENTER> key.
- Plug the data/power cable into the instrument to turn the instrument on.
- Release the <ENTER> key once the prompt '>' is displayed.
- Using the terminal emulation program issue the following commands to disable data on power up:
 - SET STARTUP HEADER (enables the power up header information)
 - o SET STARTUP PROMPT (disables data output on power up)
 - SET SAMPLE RATE 2/S (selects the desired sampling rate)
 - SET DETECT A7 (sets 10 autobaud attempts then defaults to 38400 baud)
 Note: Details on the SET DETECT command can be found in the Appendix.
- Unplug the data/power cable from the instrument to turn the instrument off.

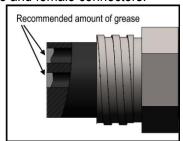
Maintaining the Instrument

Periodic Maintenance

Periodic preventative maintenance will prolong the life of the instrument. The following steps are recommended:

- If the instrument is very dirty or oily, allow it to soak in warm, soapy water before cleaning
 with a rag or soft brush. When finished, rinse with fresh water to remove any residual soap
 or dirt.
- Before each use:
 - Check for proper installation of all Xchange[™] sensors.
 - Check for nicks and cuts on the cable.
- After each use:
 - Clean and rinse the instrument using fresh water.
 - Dry the instrument completely, and store it in a cool, dry place.
- Monthly:
 - Apply a layer of Molykote 44 medium silicone grease to the female half of the connection as shown and fully insert the plug. Wipe away any excess that squeezes out. This will lubricate both male and female connectors.





- Yearly:
 - Send the instrument or Xchange[™] sensors to a service centre for diagnostics and re-calibration.

Battery Care

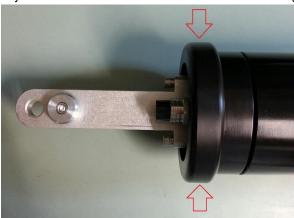
Incorrect care can reduce the life of the batteries. Below are some guidelines to prevent damage to the batteries:

- Do not leave either the data cable or the red shorting plug installed in the instrument. This turns the instrument on and depletes the battery.
- Before storing the instrument for several months, remove the alkaline batteries, or charge the Ni-Cad batteries. The Ni-Cad batteries will self-discharge, so extended storage durations can require recharging to protect the battery from fully depleting.

Replacing Alkaline Batteries:

The Plus•X pressure case must be opened to replace the batteries:

- Rinse Plus•X with fresh water and dry it.
- Lay the instrument on its side and unscrew the retaining ring.



• Dry off any water that might have been underneath the retaining ring.



• Grasp the shackle, and pull the end cap straight out. A slight rocking motion will aid in removal of the end cap.



- Undo the Velcro straps, and remove the old batteries.
- Install the new batteries. **NOTE:** Be sure to match the + positive terminal of the battery with the red dot.



Tighten the Velcro straps around the new batteries.

Ensure that the O-ring and O-ring surface are free from dirt and debris.



- Slide the battery pack into the pressure case.
- Install the retaining ring.

Charging Ni-Cad Batteries:

Refer to the wiring diagram in the appendix, and perform the following steps:

- Ensure the instrument is dry.
- To avoid possible combustible gas build-up inside the instrument case, open the battery compartment prior to charging the batteries.
 - Unscrew the retaining ring on the shackle end cap.
 - Grasp the shackle bar and wiggle the endcap off the pressure case, opening the case by at least 3 cm.
- Plug the battery charging cable into the instrument.
- Plug the charger into the charging cable.
- Plug the charger into a 120 or 240 volt AC outlet.
- Turn the charger on with the power switch on the charger. The fast charge indicator light will turn on indicating the batteries are being charged.
- Allow the batteries to charge until the fast charge light on the charger turns off. A full charge requires approximately 6 hours.

Communications

PC Settings

Plus•X will communicate with both RS-232 and RS-485 serial connections. The computer to which the instrument is connected must be set up as follows:

- 8 bits
- 1 stop bit
- No parity
- No hardware flow control
- Baud rate of 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19,200, or 38,400 baud

After power up, Plus•X will wait for an ASCII carriage return. The instrument will automatically detect whether communications are RS-232 or RS-485 as well as the baud rate.

Output Formats

Output formats can be modified. If the required modifications are not supported by the commonly used command list in the next section, please contact the factory for support with custom output formats.

Formatting can be changed in the following ways:

- The number of decimal places for each channel
- Turn on or off
 - date and time
 - calculated parameters (Salinity and Density)
 - battery voltage
 - o power up information (header)
 - o automatic monitoring on power up

Default Output Format

The output from Plus•X is space delimited values.

The following table shows the output units for each Xchange[™] sensor:

Sensor	Units	Default Format
SV•Xchange™	m/s	1234.567
Conductivity•Xchange™	mS/cm	12.346
C•Xchange™ Conductivity	mS/cm	12.345
C•Xchange™ Temperature	С	12.345
Pressure•Xchange™	dBar	1234.56
Temperature•Xchange™	С	12.345
Turbidity•Xchange™	NTU	1234.56

The default data channel outputs with all calculated parameters turned on are:

SV,P,T sensors

Date	Time	Sound velocity	Pressure	Temperature	Battery	Density	Salinity
mm/dd/yy	hh:mm:ss.ss	m/s	dbar	С	volts	kg/m³	ppt

C,P,T sensors

Date	Time	Conductivity	Pressure	Temperature	Battery	Density	Salinity	Sound velocity
mm/dd/yy	hh:mm:ss.ss	mS/cm	dbar	С	volts	kg/m³	ppt	m/s

Note: These are examples of the default configurations. Your data channel outputs will be entirely dependent on which Xchange™ sensors are installed.

Default Example Outputs

User inputs in the output capture shown below are in bold type.

Plus.X Version 4.09 SN:8221 AML Oceanographic Ltd. 968.5 MBytes installed

>scan

02/24/10 14:59:20.90	1474.372	0000.098	17.470	008.15	00.018	0998.708
>monitor						
02/24/10 14:59:25.10	1474.374	0000.102	17.472	008.18	00.014	0998.705
02/24/10 14:59:25.60	1474.354	0000.106	17.474	008.18	00.000	0998.694
02/24/10 14:59:26.10	1474.386	0000.110	17.474	008.18	00.018	0998.708
02/24/10 14:59:26.60	1474.374	0000.102	17.473	008.18	00.010	0998.702

>dis options

[Instrument] Type=Plus.X EmulationMode=disabled UseCustomHeader=yes SN=8221 Firmware=V4.09 SampleUnits=/ second SampleInterval=2 PressureInc=0.00 SoundInc=0.00

LogFile=data.txt Date=02/24/10

Time=14:59:36

MemorySize=968.5 MB

MemoryUsed=7.6 MB

DisplayTime=yes

DisplayDate=yes

DisplaySalinity=yes

DisplayDensity=yes

DisplaySoundVelocity=no

DisplayBattery=yes

RelayMode=auto detection

RealtimeLogging=no

LoggingTimeout=0 StartupDelay=10

DisplayHeader=yes

StartupMode=prompt

CharacterReception=yes

LoggingBreakMode=no

DetectionMode=A5

```
BatteryACoefficient=+3.500000E-01
BatteryBCoefficient=+2.500000E-02
ShutDownVoltage=6.5
WarningVoltage=7.2
PressureOffset=0.00
UsePressureOffset=no
SoundVelocityThreshold=1375.00
DelimterMode=Space
SensorDetectionMode=Once
Traceability=yes
SkipPowerOff=no
[Slot 1]
SensorName=SV-C.Xchange SV.X SN 131197 01/22/10
BoardSN=65535
[Slot 2]
SensorName=P-T.Xchange P.X SN 145721 08/21/09 T.X SN 400048 11/17/09
BoardSN=65535
>dir
                      5598 02/24/10 14:41:55.00
test
         .raw
                      3987 02/24/10 14:45:08.00
data
         .txt
 960 MBytes free
   7 MBytes Used
   2 File(s) listed
>dump data.txt
[cast header]
InstrumentSN=08221
Date=02/24/10
Time=14:45:10.55
PressureOffset=0.09
UsePressureOffset=ves
Slot1Sensor1=SV-C.Xchange SV.X SN 131197 01/22/10
Slot2Sensor1=P-T.Xchange P.X SN 145721 08/21/09 T.X SN 400048 11/17/09
02/24/10 14:45:10.66 1474.313 0000.015 17.447 008.18 00.034 0998.724
02/24/10 14:45:10.69 1474.334 0000.015 17.449 008.20 00.046 0998.733 02/24/10 14:45:11.19 1474.332 0000.027 17.451 008.20 00.037 0998.726 02/24/10 14:45:11.69 1474.326 0000.027 17.451 008.20 00.032 0998.722 02/24/10 14:45:12.19 1474.319 0000.027 17.457 008.20 00.011 0998.705 02/24/10 14:45:12.69 1474.321 0000.034 17.459 008.20 00.005 0998.700
02/24/10 14:45:13.19 1474.318 0000.023 17.457
                                                         008.20 00.008 0998.702
02/24/10 14:45:13.69 1474.321 0000.019 17.458 008.20 00.010 0998.704
02/24/10 14:45:14.19 1474.427 0000.019 17.459 008.20 00.100 0998.773
02/24/10 14:45:14.69 0000.000 -0000.015 17.601 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:15.19 0000.000 -0000.030 17.655 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:15.69 0000.000 -0000.011 17.651 008.20 00.000 0000.000
02/24/10 \ 14:45:16.19 \ 0000.000 \ -0000.015 \ 17.632 \ 008.20 \ 00.000 \ 0000.000
02/24/10 \ 14:45:16.69 \ 0000.000 \ -0000.015 \ 17.624 \ 008.20 \ 00.000 \ 0000.000
02/24/10 \ 14:45:17.19 \ 0000.000 \ -0000.015 \ 17.622 \ 008.20 \ 00.000 \ 0000.000
02/24/10 14:45:17.69 0000.000 -0000.015 17.618 008.20 00.000 0000.000
[cast header]
InstrumentSN=08221
Date=02/24/10
Time=14:45:21.85
PressureOffset=0.09
UsePressureOffset=yes
Slot1Sensor1=SV-C.Xchange SV.X SN 131197 01/22/10
Slot2Sensor1=P-T.Xchange P.X SN 145721 08/21/09 T.X SN 400048 11/17/09
```

[Data]							
02/24/10	14:45:21.92	1474.309	-0000.019	17.598	008.20	00.000	0998.671
02/24/10	14:45:21.95	1474.308	0000.019	17.451	008.20	00.017	0998.711
02/24/10	14:45:22.44	1474.301	0000.023	17.453	008.20	00.005	0998.701
02/24/10	14:45:22.94	1474.297	0000.011	17.453	008.20	00.003	0998.699
02/24/10	14:45:23.44	1474.294	0000.019	17.451	008.20	00.005	0998.702
02/24/10	14:45:23.94	1474.314	0000.019	17.453	008.20	00.019	0998.711
02/24/10	14:45:24.44	1474.310	0000.027	17.453	008.20	00.015	0998.709
02/24/10	14:45:24.94	1474.307	0000.015	17.451	008.20	00.016	0998.709
02/24/10	14:45:25.44	1474.307	0000.027	17.453	008.20	00.009	0998.704
02/24/10	14:45:25.94	1474.308	0000.023	17.454	008.20	00.008	0998.703
02/24/10	14:45:26.44	1474.313	0000.023	17.451	008.20	00.021	0998.714
02/24/10	14:45:26.94	1474.294	0000.023	17.452	008.20	00.002	0998.699
	14:45:27.44	1474.313	0000.023	17.453	008.20	00.015	0998.709
	14:45:27.94	1474.303	0000.023	17.454	008.20	00.004	0998.700
02/24/10	14:45:28.44	1474.312	0000.023	17.453	008.20	00.015	0998.708
	14:45:28.94	1474.319	0000.030	17.453	008.20	00.019	0998.712
	14:45:29.44	1474.336	0000.027	17.450	008.20	00.045	0998.732
	14:45:29.94	1474.314	0000.027	17.450	008.20	00.023	0998.715
	14:45:30.44	1474.326	0000.027	17.451	008.20	00.032	0998.722
	14:45:30.94	1474.320	0000.027	17.451	008.20	00.027	0998.718
	14:45:31.44	1474.305	0000.023	17.454	008.20	00.006	0998.701
02/24/10	14:45:31.94	1474.312	0000.030	17.451	008.20	00.020	0998.713
	14:45:32.44	1474.311	0000.034	17.453	008.20	00.014	0998.708
	14:45:32.94	1474.312	0000.030	17.450	008.20	00.021	0998.714
	14:45:33.44	0000.000	-0000.011	17.459	008.20	00.000	0000.000
	14:45:33.94	0000.000	-0000.019	17.569	008.20	00.000	0000.000
	14:45:34.44		-0000.015	17.548	008.20	00.000	0000.000
	14:45:34.94	0000.000	-0000.023	17.515	008.20	00.000	0000.000
	14:45:35.44	0000.000	-0000.015	17.498	008.20	00.000	0000.000
	14:45:35.94		-0000.023	17.487	008.20	00.000	0000.000
02/24/10	14:45:36.44	0000.000	-0000.019	17.485	008.20	00.000	0000.000
>							

Support

Troubleshooting

Instrument fails to communicate:

- Is the connector damaged?
- Check the cables
 - o Is the data/power cable connected to the instrument and computer?
 - O Are there any cuts in the cable?
 - If using a cable other than an AML cable, it should be configured as a null modem cable.
 - If using multiple cable lengths, the extensions should **not** be configured as null modem cables.
- If using external power over a long cable, check the voltage drop over the cable. Measure the voltage across a 10 watt, 27Ω resistor across pins 1 and 4 of the cable. The voltage should be between 9.9 and 26 volts.
- Are the communication settings in the program used on the computer correct?
 - Comm port selection
 - o 8 bits
 - o 1 stop bit
 - No parity
 - No hardware flow control
 - o Baud rate between 600 and 38,400 baud
- Are the communication settings in the instrument correct?
 - Was the instrument specifically set to one baud rate last time? If so, use that baud rate to resume communications.
 - Was the instrument set to only RS-232 or only RS-485 last time? If so, resume communications in the required protocol.
 - Was the instrument set to *RX OFF* last time? If so, a carriage return must be sent to the instrument immediately after power is applied to interrupt this mode.
- Was the instrument set to monitor on power up mode? If so, a carriage return must be sent
 to the instrument immediately after power is applied to interrupt this mode. To interrupt
 monitor on power up, hold down the ENTER key while applying power to the instrument

Instrument fails to log:

- Verify the LED indicator status:
 - With the instrument in air (NOT submerged), insert the communication cable. The LED indicator should show solid green indicating the instrument is powered and ready
 - Note: If neither a SV•Xchange™, CT•Xchange™ or Conductivity•Xchange™ sensor is installed, the instrument will begin logging in air.
 - Place the instrument's sensors in water. The LED indicator should remain green and begin flashing, indicating the instrument is powered and logging.
 - If the indicator shows red, increase the supply voltage to between 10 and 26 volts.

- If the indicator does not light up, the instrument is not operating correctly.
 Continue with the remaining troubleshooting items.
- Allow at least two sample periods for the instrument to detect that it is immersed.
- Were the sound velocity increment, pressure increment and/or sample rate settings set to values that could prevent logging?
- Was the log file name set correctly?
- Is the connector damaged, dirty, or corroded?
- If all previous steps fail, reset the instrument. Send an *INIT* command to the instrument to re-initialize the memory.
- Note: The INIT command will completely erase all settings stored on the instrument.

Instrument generates noisy data:

- Is the connector damaged, dirty, or corroded?
- If connected to external power, is there noise on the power supply? Switch-mode power supplies are common sources of noise.
- Nearby EMI sources such as electric motors, generators, and transformers can create noise. If possible, move the instrument and its cables away from the noise source.
- Are there bubbles on the SV•Xchange[™] sensor or in the CT•Xchange[™] or C•Xchange[™] sensor?
- Are the SV•Xchange[™], CT•Xchange[™] and C•Xchange[™] sensors clean?
- Is the T•Xchange[™] sensor damaged?
- Is there something nearby affecting the water temperature?

Ni-Cad batteries fail to fully charge:

- Is the charger connected to the charging cable?
- Is the power switch on the charger turned on?
- Is the charger plugged in to a 120 VAC or 240 VAC supply?
- Allow the charger to charge the batteries until the fast charge indicator light on the charger turns off.

SeaCast fails to recognize a sensor:

- Be sure to download the latest version of SeaCast
 - o Turbidity•Xchange™ requires SeaCast version 3.0 or greater for full functionality

SV•Xchange does not match CTD-calculated SV:

Owing to the error associated with each individual sensor and Chen and Millero's equation¹, sound velocity calculated from CTD values will fall within approximately ±0.4 m/s of the actual value 95% of the time. It is not uncommon to see differences of this size between directly measured sound velocity and CTD-calculated sound velocity.

¹ Chen-Tung Chen and Frank J. Millero, "Speed of sound in seawater at high pressures," *The Journal of the Acoustical Society of America* 62, no. 5 (1977): 1129-1135.

Contact AML Oceanographic

Service

To request an RMA or technical support

Email: service@AMLoceanographic.com

Phone: 1-250-656-0771 Phone: 1-800-663-8721 (NA) Fax: 1-250-655-3655

Sales

For all general sales inquiries

Email: sales@AMLoceanographic.com

Phone: 1-250-656-0771 Phone: 1-800-663-8721 (NA) Fax: 1-250-655-3655

Website

http://www.AMLoceanographic.com

Customer Portal

My AML Oceanographic is AML's online data centre. This secure area within our website is designed to offer one easy location for interested individuals and organizations - distributors, customers, prospects, and other members of our community - to manage their interactions with AML. My AML Oceanographic will allow you to:

- View and manage your assets (instruments and sensors)
- Consult instrument diagnostic summaries
- View and download calibration and conformity certificates
- View and manage your technical support cases
- Consult and download sales estimates, sales orders, and invoice copies
- View account balances and generate account statements
- Assess inventory availability at AML

To access the Customer Portal, please navigate to the *Support* button - located on the top right of the AML Oceanographic home page - select *Customer Centre* from the options on the drop down menu and follow the instructions provided.

Mailing and Shipping Address

AML Oceanographic 2071 Malaview Ave. Sidney, BC, Canada V8L 5X6

Appendices

Commands

When using SeaCast, the full command set is not usually necessary. However, text commands are available. Below is a listing of commonly used commands. Note that some commands are only available on instruments equipped with the appropriate Xchange™ sensors.

Communications Commands

Command	Description	Requires
SET FORCE 232	Sets com mode to RS-232. Power must be cycled for	
	changes to take effect.	
SET FORCE 485	Sets com mode to RS-485. Power must be cycled for	
	changes to take effect.	
SET FORCE AUTO	Sets for auto-detection of RS-232 or RS-485 comms. Note	
	that if instrument is not connected to a com port on power	
	up, it assumes RS-485 operation and will remain in that	
	mode until powered down.	
DISPLAY FORCE	Displays current com mode (ie. RS232, RS485, AUTO)	
DISPLAY DETECT	Displays the baud rate detection settings.	
SET DETECT a b	Sets the baud rate detection. "a" sets the number of	
	autobaud detection attempts before the instrument reverts to	
	the default baud rate set by "b." Setting 'a'=0 forces the	
	instrument to a fixed baud rate determined by "b."	
	"b"=	
	1 = 600 baud 4 = 4800 baud 7 = 38400 baud	
	2 = 1200 baud 5 = 9600 baud 8 = 57600 baud	
	3 = 2400 baud 6 = 19200 baud 9 = 115200 baud	

Sampling Rate Commands

Command	Description	Requires
DISPLAY SAMPLE RATE	Displays the time-based sampling rate	
SET SAMPLE n t	Sets the desired sampling rate. "n" is a number and "t" is the time units. Using the slash (/) character should be read as "per". For instance, 5 s means sampling happens every 5 seconds. 5/s means 5 samples per second. Examples are: SET S C sets the sampling to continuous (25 Hz) SET S 5 /s 5 samples per sec SET S 1 s Sample 1 time every 1 second SET S 2 /m 2 samples per minute SET S 5 m Sample 1 time every 5 minutes SET S 2 /h 2 samples per hour SET S 2 /h Sample 1 time every 24 hours	
DISPLAY INCREMENT	Displays logging increment for pressure in dBars.	P•X
SET PRESSURE INCREMENT n	Sets logging by increment of pressure specified by n = increment value in dBar (resolution of 2 decimal places).	P•X
SET SOUND INCREMENT n	Sets logging by increment of SV specified by n = increment value in m/s (resolution of 1 decimal place).	SV•X
DISPLAY SOUND INCREMENT	Displays the logging increment for sound velocity in m/s.	SV•X

Output Format Commands

Command	Description	Requires
DISPLAY SCAN	Displays current scan options.	
SET SCAN NOBAT	Turns the battery channel off.	
SET SCAN BAT	Turns the battery channel on.	
SET SCAN NODENSITY	Turns the calculated density channel off.	C•X, T•X, and P•X,
		CT•X, and P•X, or
		SV•X, T•X, and P•X
SET SCAN DENSITY	Turns the calculated density channel on.	C•X, T•X, and P•X,
	·	CT•X, and P•X, or
		SV•X, T•X, and P•X
SET SCAN NOSALINITY	Turns the calculated salinity channel off.	C•X, T•X, and P•X,
021 00/11/11/00/12/11/11	Tarrio trio caroatatoa caminy charmor chi	CT•X, and P•X, or
		· · ·
SET SCAN SALINITY	Turns the calculated calinity shannel on	SV•X, T•X, and P•X
SET SCAN SALINITY	Turns the calculated salinity channel on.	C•X, T•X, and P•X,
		CT•X, and P•X, or
		SV•X, T•X, and P•X
SET SCAN NOSV	Turns the calculated salinity channel off, removing it from	C•X, T•X, and P•X or
	the instrument output scans. Current salinity display status	CT•X and P•X
OFT COAN OV	is viewable using DISPLAY SCAN.	0 / 7 / 10 /
SET SCAN SV	Turns the calculated sound velocity channel on, allowing it to be present in instrument output scans. Current salinity	C•X, T•X, and P•X or
	display status is viewable using DISPLAY SCAN. This is	CT•X and P•X
	only available when C,P and T sensors are attached.	
SET SCAN TIME	Enables displaying time in data scan.	
SET SCAN NOTIME	Disables time from being displayed in data scan.	
SET SCAN DATE	Enables displaying date in data scan.	
SET SCAN NODATE	Disables date from being displayed in data scan.	
DISPLAY STARTUP	Displays the power up output settings.	
SET STARTUP	Sets the instrument to wait for user commands on power up.	
PROMPT		
SET STARTUP SCAN	Sets the instrument to output one scan on power up and	
CET CTARTUR	then wait for a user command.	
SET STARTUP MONITOR	Sets the instrument to start monitoring data on power up.	
SET STARTUP	Disables the instrument identification header output on	
NOHEADER	power up.	
SET STARTUP	Enables the instrument identification header output on	
HEADER	power up.	

Logging Commands

Command	Description	Requires
SET SCAN LOGGING	Enables simultaneous logging & real-time output. If real-time logging in air is desired, set instrument conductivity threshold and sound velocity and pressure increments to zero.	
SET SCAN NOLOGGING	Disables simultaneous real-time logging.	
SET TIMEOUT nn	nn is time in minutes from 0 to 30. Enters logging mode after the specified time interval has passed in which the instrument has been idle. Power the unit off, then on, to exit	

	the logging mode. A time interval of 0 will deactivate the command. Setting is viewable using DISPLAY STARTUP.
LOG	Puts unit into logging mode from real-time mode. It will remain in logging mode until power is turned off.
SET LOG tttttttt.ttt	Sets new log file name. tttttttt.ttt = log file name. Name can have up to 8 characters in length and 3 characters for file extension.
INIT	Clears the instrument's logging memory.
DIRECTORY	Displays list of files in instrument memory and memory status including amount of memory space free and used.
DUMP ttttttt.ttt	Dumps the data of the specified logged file defined by tttttttt.ttt in REAL or RAW format depending on the current instrument mode.
DELETE tttttttt.ttt	Erases specified logged file defined by ttttttt.ttt Maximum 8 character name with 3 character extension.
DISPLAY LOG	Displays current log file name.

General Commands

Command	Description	Requires
SCAN	Measures and outputs one scan of data.	
MONITOR	Scans at the set sampling rate.	
VERSION	Displays the instrument identification header.	
DISPLAY OPTIONS	Displays the instrument status and user settings.	
ZERO ON	Corrects the barometric offset to set zero pressure at surface for current barometric pressure.	P•X
ZERO OFF	Disables barometric offset.	P•X
DISPLAY TIME	Displays current time. Time format is hh:mm:ss.ss	
SET TIME hh:mm:ss.ss	Sets instrument time using 24 hour clock in format hh:mm:ss.ss	
DISPLAY DATE	Displays the current date.	
SET DATE mm/dd/yy	Sets date using mm/dd/yy format.	
DETECT	Checks each slot in logger board to identify what is plugged in and displays sensor / board type and serial number or "empty" for each slot.	
DISPLAY BATTERY	Displays battery channel coefficients and shutdown voltage.	
TALK n	Enables communications directly with a sensor board via the logger board, where n = value from 1-3 that identifies the slot number of the board to be communicated with. See <i>DETECT</i> command.	
CTRL+C	Press CTRL key and C key at same time to exit sensor board talk mode and return to logger communications.	

Technical Specifications

Sensors

Primary Xchange™ Sensors						
Туре		Range	Accuracy	Precision	Resolution	Response Time
Conductivity•Xchange™		0 to 2 mS/cm	0.01 mS/cm	0.003 mS/cm	0.001 mS/cm	25 ms at 1 m/s flow rate
Conductivity•Xchange™		0 to 70 mS/cm	0.01 mS/cm	0.003 mS/cm	0.001 mS/cm	25 ms at 1 m/s flow rate
Conductivity•Xchange™		0 to 90 mS/cm	0.01 mS/cm	0.003 mS/cm	0.001 mS/cm	25 ms at 1 m/s flow
SV•Xchange™		1375 to 1625 m/s	0.025 m/s	0.006 m/s	0.001 m/s	47 µs
CT•Xchange™	Cond.	0 to 100 mS/cm	0-90 : ±0.01 mS/cm 90-100 : <±0.05 mS/cm	0.003 mS/cm	0.001 mS/cm	25 ms at 1 m/s flow
O 1 - Acriange ····	Temp.	-5 to 60 °C	-5-45 : ±0.005 °C 45-60 : <±0.05 °C	0.003 °C	0.001 °C	100 ms

Secondary Xchange™ Sensors					
Туре	Range	Accuracy	Precision	Resolution	Response Time
Temperature•Xchange™	-2°C to 32°C	0.005°C	0.003°C	0.001°C	100 ms
Temperature•Xchange™	-5°C to 45°C	0.005°C	0.003°C	0.001°C	100 ms
Temperature•Xchange™	0°C to 65°C	0.005°C	0.003°C	0.001°C	100 ms
Pressure•Xchange™	50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 4000, 5000, 6000 dBar	0.05%FS	0.03%FS	0.02%FS	10 ms
Turbidity•Xchange™	0-100 NTU	0.1 NTU	0.1 NTU	0.01 NTU	< 0.7s
Turbidity•Xchange™	0-400 NTU	0.2 NTU	0.2 NTU	0.01 NTU	< 0.7s
Turbidity•Xchange™	0-1000 NTU	0.5 NTU	0.5 NTU	0.1 NTU	< 0.7s
Turbidity•Xchange™	0-3000 NTU	1 NTU	1 NTU	0.1 NTU	< 0.7s

	Calculated Parameters					
Туре	Required Sensors	Equation	Accuracy	Range		
Salinity	C•X, T•X, P•X	TEOS10	±0.010 psu	0 to 42 psu		
Salinity (from SV)	SV•X, T•X, P•X	AML '07	±0.035 ppt	0 to 42 ppt		
Density	C•X, T•X, P•X	TEOS10	±0.027 kg/m ³	990 to 1230 kg/m ³		
Density (from SV)	SV•X, T•X, P•X	TEOS10	±0.051 kg/m ³	990 to 1230 kg/m ³		
SV (from CTD)	C•X, T•X, P•X	Chen & Millero '772	0.5 m/s			

Electrical

- Mother Board
 - Flash, non-volatile data memory (Minimum 1 GB)
 - 2 dedicated slots
 - Primary Xchange[™] sensor slot
 - Secondary Xchange[™] sensor slot
 - 5 expansion slots
- Sensor Boards
 - Sound Velocity, CT or Conductivity Xchange™ sensor board
 - Pressure and Temperature Xchange[™] sensor board
- Auto detect RS232 or RS485 (½ duplex ASCII)
- Autobaud to 38,400

Power

- External Power Supply: 8 to 26 VDC
- Internal Power Supply
 - Standard: 9 D-cell Alkaline batteries
 - Capacity: 14.4 Ahrs
 - Voltage: 1.5 Volts/cell
 - Optional: 9 D-cell Ni-Cad batteries
 - Capacity: 4.4 Ahrs
 - Voltage: 1.2 Volts/cell
- Current Draw
 - o 250 mA when sampling
 - o 50 mA in standby mode
 - 60 μA when in low power mode
- Battery Voltage Limits
 - 14 volts: Full charge with alkaline batteries
 - 11.3 volts: Full charge with optional Ni-Cad batteries
 - 9.9 volts: Low battery warning

² Chen and Millero, "Speed of sound in seawater at high pressures," 1129-1135.

o 8.0 volts: Auto shutdown

Pressure Case

Hard anodized aluminum

Environmental Limits

Storage: -40°C to 60°CUsage: -20°C to 45°C

	Housing					
Status	Туре	Depth Rating	Diameter	Length	Weight (in water)	Weight (in air)
Standard	6061-T6	5000 m	100mm	881mm	3.4 Kg (7.5 lbs)	7.7 Kg (17.0 lbs)
Optional	7075-T6	6000 m	(4.0")	(34.9")	3.4 Kg (7.5 lbs)	7.7 Kg (17.0 lbs)

	Connector					
Туре	Pins	Sex	Material	Manufacturer		
Bulkhead	Micro 8	Female	SS316	Subconn		

Sampling Capabilities

- Frequency
 - o Time: Sample rates from 25 per second to 1 per 24 hours
 - o Pressure: Specific pressure increments in 0.01 dbar steps
 - Sound Velocity: Specific sound velocity increments in 0.1 m/s steps
- Configurations
 - Single scan or continuous output
 - On command or autonomous on power up

Included Items

- Plus•X instrument
- Data•Xchange (if purchased)
- 2m Data/Power Pigtail
- Red shorting plug
- Black dummy plug
- Primary sensor blanking plugs
- Secondary sensor blanking plugs
- USB stick with manuals and documentation
- Battery charger and charging cable (if Ni-Cad batteries are ordered)

Software

SeaCast

Ordering Codes

Instruments

PDC-PLX-P1S2-50	Plus• X, 5000 dBar, 6061-T6 pressure housing
PDC-PLX-P1S2-60	Plus• X, 6000 dBar, 7075-T6 pressure housing
PDC-PLX-P2S2-50	Plus• X, 5000 dBar, 6061-T6 pressure housing
PDC-PLX-P2S2-60	Plus• X, 6000 dBar, 7075-T6 pressure housing

Sensors

Sensors	
XCH-SV-STD	SV•Xchange™ (1375-1625m/s) Range
XCH-SV-1120	SV•Xchange™ (1100-2000m/s) Range
XCH-SV-0520	SV•Xchange™ (500-2000m/s) Range
XCH-CND-RA002	C•Xchange™ Right Angle, Ultra Freshwater (0-2mS/cm) Range
XCH-CND-RA070	C•Xchange™ Right Angle, Oceanographic (0-70mS/cm) Range
XCH-CND-RA090	C•Xchange™ Right Angle, Oceanographic (0-90mS/cm) Range
XCH-CND-ST002	C•Xchange™ Straight, Ultra Freshwater (0-2mS/cm) Range
XCH-CND-ST070	C•Xchange™ Straight, Oceanographic (0-70mS/cm) Range
XCH-CT-RA090-n545	CT•Xchange™ Right Angle, Oceanographic (0-90mS/cm, -5 to 45 C) Range
XCH-TMP-n232	T•Xchange™ (-2 to 32 C) Range
XCH-TMP-n545	T•Xchange™ (-5 to 45 C) Range
XCH-TMP-065	T•Xchange™ (0 to 65 C) Range
XCH-PRS-0050	P•Xchange™ 50 dBar
XCH-PRS-0100	P•Xchange™ 100 dBar
XCH-PRS-0200	P•Xchange™ 200 dBar
XCH-PRS-0500	P•Xchange™ 500 dBar
XCH-PRS-1000	P•Xchange™ 1000 dBar
XCH-PRS-2000	P•Xchange™ 2000 dBar
XCH-PRS-4000	P•Xchange™ 4000 dBar
XCH-PRS-5000	P•Xchange™ 5000 dBar
XCH-PRS-6000	P•Xchange™ 6000 dBar
XCH-PRS-6000-T065	P•Xchange™ 6000 dBar, Extended temperature calibration from 0-65 C
XCH-TRB-0100-03	Tu•Xchange™ (0-100 NTU) Range, 300m
XCH-TRB-0100-05	Tu•Xchange™ (0-100 NTU) Range, 500m
XCH-TRB-0400-03	Tu•Xchange™ (0-400 NTU) Range, 300m
XCH-TRB-0400-05	Tu•Xchange™ (0-400 NTU) Range, 500m
XCH-TRB-1000-03	Tu•Xchange™ (0-1000 NTU) Range, 300m
XCH-TRB-1000-05	Tu•Xchange™ (0-1000 NTU) Range, 500m
XCH-TRB-3000-03	Tu•Xchange™ (0-3000 NTU) Range, 300m
XCH-TRB-3000-05	Tu•Xchange™ (0-3000 NTU) Range, 500m

Accessories

DTX-MC8M-WG-10	Data•Xchange, wireless & GPS device		
CSE-0024	Plus•X shackle extender for Data•Xchange		
MBR-PLX-STD	Mounting Clamps for Plus•X and Metrec•X instruments. 1 Pair (2 clamps)		
DFR-PLX-2PT	Instrument suspension bar, 2-point type A-P.		
DFR-PLX-4PT Instrument protection frame, 4-point, type C-P.			
CSE-0001	Rechargeable Ni-Cad batteries, 120 VAC charger and charging cable		
CSE-0002	Rechargeable Ni-Cad batteries, 240 VAC charger and charging cable		

Regulatory Information

This product is compliant within the requirements of CE standards.

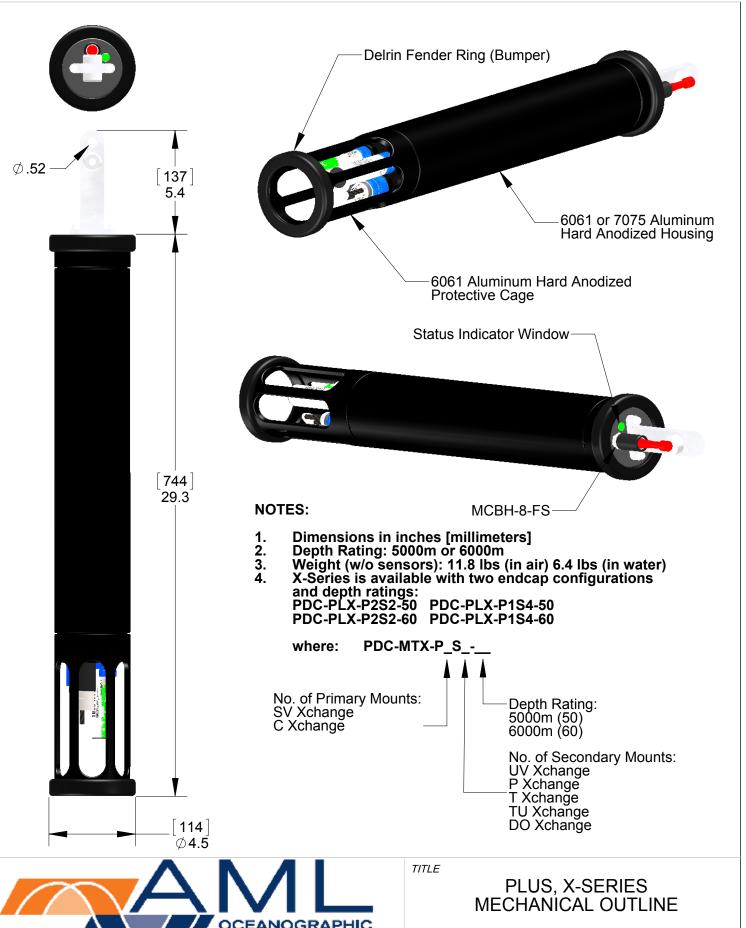


Warranty

AML Oceanographic warrants the instrument for a period of two years from the date of delivery. AML will repair or replace, at its option and at no charge, components which are found to be defective. The warranty applies only to the original purchaser of the instruments. The warranty does not apply if the instrument has been damaged, by accident or misuse, and is void if repairs or modifications are made by any other than authorized personnel.

This warranty is the only warranty given by AML. No warranties implied by law, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose shall apply. In no event will AML be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential, or incidental damages resulting from any defects or failure of performance of any instrument supplied by AML.

Technical	Overview	Drawings
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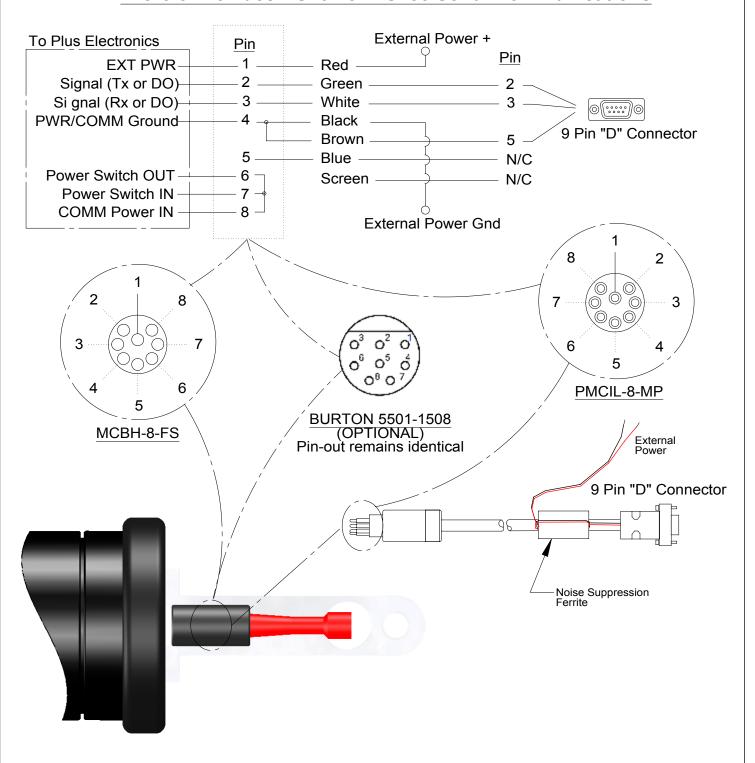
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SYSTEM PLUS PDC-PLX-P1S4/P2S2-50/60

DATE SLDRW NO.

01 MAR 2013 MC7-GA-03640-A

Micro 8 Provides RS232 or RS485 Serial Communications





TITLE

PLUS PDC-PLX-P1S4/P2S2-50/60

SLDRW NO. MC7-GA-03640-A

PLUS, X-SERIES **COMMS AND POWER INTERFACE**

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